PROGRAM 2 SESSION

Richard Doyle, Program 2 Overview Soil CRC Program Leader

Marcus Hardie 'Smart' soil sensors University of Tasmania

Peter Dahlhaus Visualising Australasia's Soils Federation University

Pauline Mele Bioindicators of high performing soils: A design and Agriculture Victoria validation framework for in-field applications

Caroline Mohammed Smelling soil

University of Tasmania

Pierre Roudier Novel sensor technology to measure and map soil Landcare Research New Zealand nutrients, water and hydraulic characteristics

> Liang Wang Affordable approaches to rapid field test soil chemical University of Newcastle properties



PROGRAM 2 SOIL METRICS

DOYLE



Performance through collaboration

Hi PERFORMANCE SOIL ?

- Profitable
- Resilient
- Adsorbing
- Transforming
- Staying-put



KEY SOIL FUNCTIONS

- Habitat and biodiversity
- Water movement and availability
- Filtering and buffering
- Nutrient cycling
- Physical stability and support
- Long-term C stabilization





PROGRAM 2

PERFORMANCE METRICS

- Define key indicators
- Develop useful metric and sensors
- Undertake smart data analytics
- Visualise outputs/responses for farmers
- Education + training \rightarrow next generation farm innovators





SO FAR.....

SCOPING

1. Indicators of HPS (Dahlhaus)

2. Smart sensor options for HPS (Hardie/Bennett)

Further summation and formal publication; on-going





KEY MESSAGES FROM SCOPING

- The usefulness of any *indicator*, or suite of indicators, can only be truly evaluated within the context of the business operation and the impacts of management decisions.
 - Horses for courses......
- Range of potentials sensor technologies is immense; but in the order physical chemical biological
 - We must carefully decide, deliver and ensure adoption



RAAP

- 1. C and N isotopes measures to track SOM function (Wells)
- 2. N15 tracked climate more strongly while C13 tracked human soil management more strongly





PROGRAM 2 - NEW PROJECTS

- 1. Indicators & sensor nexus (Mele + scoping studies)
- 2. New sensors
 - 1. Water (Hardie)
 - 2. Wet chemistry (Lobsey, Wang)
 - 3. Gas chemistry (Powell)
- 3. Data analytics
 - 1. Water (~Hardie)
 - 2. Biology + chemistry (Mele)
- 4. Data visualisation (Dahlhaus)





SMART SOIL SENSORS

- Smart shovel moisture mapper
- Self-learning moisture sensors
- Below ground sensor communication





FIELD CHEMICAL SENSORS

- Ion selective electrodes taking them to the field
- Correlations to other field technologies -- EM



(SOIL) LAB ON A CHIP





SMELLING SOIL

- Test existing sensors in heathy to poor soils
- Link data to DNA analysis of soils



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SOIL MICROBE FUNCTIONALITY

Chemical and physical data DNA analysis of microbes MIR calibrations



SOIL O Performance through collaboration

DATA VISUALIZATION

- Visualising Australian Soils (Dahlhaus)
 - Data access portal







PROGRAM 2										
Milestone	Title	Start	End	% Complete	17-1	18-1	18-2	18-3		
		Date	Date	Q1 2019						
2.1.1	Establish steering committee	1/07/2017	30/12/2017	100%				[
2.1.2	Review and develop soil health and function indicators	1/01/2018	30/06/2019	90%						
2.1.3	Soil health and function indicator metrics	1/01/2018	30/12/2020	55%						
2.1.4	Soil indicator relationships and interdependencies	1/01/2018	30/06/2022	11%						
2.1.5	Novel soil assessment methods and metrics	1/01/2018	30/12/2025	11%						
2.1.6	Rapid testing field based tool kit	1/01/2020	30/12/2026							
2.1.7	Key indicator targets & guidelines in a framework for use	1/01/2020	30/03/2027							
2.2.1	Establish steering committee	1/07/2017	30/12/2017	100%						
2.2.2	Review and scope proximal & remote sensing technologies	1/01/2018	30/12/2018	100%						
2.2.3	Proximal sensor development or enhancement	1/01/2018	30/12/2025	9%						
2.2.4	Lab on a chip	1/01/2018	30/12/2025	10%						
2.2.5	Mapping Sensors	1/01/2019	30/12/2020							
2.2.6	Novel sensor mapping technologies	1/01/2020	30/12/2022							
2.2.7	Commercialisation approaches	1/01/2025	30/03/2027							
2.3.1	Establish steering committee	1/07/2017	30/12/2017	100%						
2.3.2	Workshop soil sensory data	1/10/2017	30/06/2018	100%						
2.3.3	Storage and access sensed data capacity	1/01/2018	30/12/2020	13%						
2.3.4	New approaches for server based analysis of sensed data	1/01/2018	30/12/2025	6%						
2.3.5	Analysis of HPS data for soil metrics	1/01/2022	30/03/2027							
2.3.6	Visualisation of soil metric data	1/01/2022	30/03/2027							
2.4.1	Establish steering committee	1/07/2017	30/06/2018	100%						
2.4.2	Human interface technology preferences	1/01/2018	30/12/2020	6%						
2.4.3	Configuring/enabling existing soil-crop models and codes	1/01/2018	30/12/2025	5%						
2.4.4	Machine learning approaches developed and tested	1/01/2018	30/12/2025	4%						
2.4.5	Grower focussed mobile tools using server based data	1/01/2018	30/12/2025	4%						
2.4.6	Grower feedback	1/01/2020	30/03/2027							

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KEY FUTURE PROJECT NEEDS?



- New/more sensors.....?
- Deeper farmer/group engagement whys, whats and hows
- Smart data analytics; using soil reliable data streams.....machine/environmental learning?
- Credible visualisation to enable wise decision making trusted voice!





SMART SOIL SENSORS MARCUS HARDIE UTAS / TIA / SENSE-T



Performance through collaboration

3 April 2019

PROJECT TEAM

- Marcus Hardie
- Caroline Mohammed
- Stephen Cahoon
- Simeon Edwards
- Warrick Gillespie
- Mike Manion
- Post Doc
- Post Doc
- Byeong Kang
- John Bennet
- Roy Anderson
- Joarder Kamruzzaman Sensor Networks
- PHD (Darren West)

PHD

Soil Physics

- Systems Research
- Director Sense T
- Research Engineer
- Research Engineer
- Research Engineer
- **Research Engineer**
 - **Research Engineer**
- AI and ML
- Soil Physics
- Spatial analysis
- Machine Learning
 - Wireless Comms.

UTAS Tasmanian Institute of Agriculture UTAS Tasmanian Institute of Agriculture UTAS Tasmanian Institute of Agriculture UTAS / Sense T UTAS ICT USQ USQ Federation UTAS Federation



BACKGROUND

- <u>The 'Smart' Shovel:</u> Grower have told us they have gone back to walking the paddock with a shovel. We will build them a better shovel, with soil moisture, and salinity sensors, with data mapped and visualized through smart phones whilst in the paddock.
- <u>Below Ground Sensor Data Transmission.</u> Growers are frustrated with the hassle of in-field sensors. We will develop the ability to send sensor data wirelessly through soil, without risk of damage from stock, pests or machinery.
- <u>Self-learning moisture sensors.</u> We will develop algorithms that use existing soil moisture sensors to learn soil properties needed for use with models such as APSIM, and enable growers to relate moisture content to crop stress.



Prototype buried sensor system



PROJECT ACTIVITIES





ENGAGEMENT AND COLLABORATION

Grower Groups

- Burdekin Productivity Services
- Southern Farming Systems
- FarmLink
- Landmark
- Riverine Plains
- (Birchip Cropping Group)



VISUALISING AUSTRALASIA'S SOILS

PETER DAHLHAUS FEDERATION UNIVERSITY AUSTRALIA



Performance through collaboration

3 April 2019

PROJECT TEAM

Manaaki Whenua

Landcare

Research

- FedUni: Dahlhaus, MacLeod, Robinson, Simons, Thompson, Wills, Wong
- MWLR: Medyckyj-Scott, Ritchie
- USQ: Bennett, Pembleton
- UTAS: Cahoon, Doyle, Gillespie



QUEENSLAND

AUSTRALIA

• 15 partners from Soil CRC participants



BACKGROUND

Project Aim: Establish a soil research data federation, based on agreed

data stewardship and governance frameworks, that allows Australasian

soils data from all sources (private and public), to be discoverable to all

Soil CRC participants through an intuitive-to-use internet portal.



PROJECT ACTIVITIES

Focus on a clear case to make this a fundamental foundation activity in the Soil CRC, i.e.

- A working portal with farmer group / industry group data across Australia (& New Zealand)
- Groups advocating use of the portal because there is an obvious benefit
- Case studies / examples of the value proposition to farmers / advisors / catchment managers / researchers
- Value add to data, for example by showing trends
- Kick-off meeting \checkmark
- Establish Steering Committee \checkmark
- Project Governance and Data Stewardship frameworks \checkmark
- Establish pilot portal with open data from Australia and New Zealand \checkmark
- Engage with early adoption project partners to share soil data in the federation \checkmark



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ENGAGEMENT AND COLLABORATION

- Do you have a clear need to access soil data?
- Do your group members want to see the soil data for their location?
- Does your organisation have soils data that could be visualised?
- Are you leading a Soil CRC project that is collecting data?
- Are you involved in a Soil CRC project that needs to access data in particular formats?

Soil Health Knowledgebase	CORANGAMITE CNA	Key pro	operties	- Tempora	al Charts	8			
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BIOINDICATORS OF HIGH PERFORMING SOILS: A DESIGN & VALIDATION FRAMEWORK FOR IN-FIELD APPLICATIONS (JULY 2019-JUNE 2022)

PROJECT LEADER: PAULINE MELE

AGRICULTURE VICTORIA

CALL 18-3 2018 MAJOR INVESTMENT ROUND 2

3 April 2019



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PROJECT TEAM

Partner groups:

Southern Farming Systems (SFS)- Lisa Miller & Jon Midwood North Central CMA (NCCMC)- Felicity Harrop Birchip Cropping Group (BCG)- Cam Taylor Wimmera CMA (WCMA)- Joel Boyd Other groups:

Glenelg Hopkins CMA (GHCMA)- Richard Murphy Perennial Pasture Systems (PPS)- Rob Shea

<u>Research</u>:

Federation University (18.3.2.1)- A/Prof Peter Dahlhaus, Kathy Gamble, Scott Limmer, Andrew Macleod, A/Prof Helen Thompson, Dr Nathan Robinson, Bruce Simons, A/Prof Peter Vamplew, Dr Benjamin Wills, Dr Megan Wong & PhD candidate (tba)

Agriculture Victoria (18.3.2.6)- Melissa Cann/Rebecca Mitchell, Dr Helen Hayden, Mark Imhof, Matt Kitching/Bruce Shelley, A/Prof Pauline Mele,



ENGAGEMENT AND COLLABORATION

- Soil CRC & land holder partners to develop & implement communication plan
- Soil CRC landholder & research representatives from relevant Farmer Groups, CMAs and key CRC-Soil Programs/projects to establish project advisory group
- Nicon Rural & Cameron Nicholson (strong linkage to SFS & NLP2 projects) to explore access to instrumented sites
- Soil CRC project 'Carbon functionality & Regenerative Agriculture: a co-innovation approach appraising soil performance and multi- outcome farming systems' (Dr Gwen Grelet, Manaaki Whenua Landcare Research, PIRSA, Soils for Life and Wheatbelt NRM)
- Soil CRC project 'Smelling Soil: Novel electronic noses for mobile in-field determination of microbial health, diversity and function.' (UTas, Shane Powell)
- Soil CRC project 18.2.1 'Visualising Australasia's Soils: A Soil CRC interoperable spatial knowledge system' (Federation university, A/Prof Peter Dahlhaus)
- Producer groups, producers, consultants, service providers and advisers in the agriculture value chain, particularly those involved in the grains industry
- Potential investors such as RDCs, agribusiness & commercial partners particularly those associated with soil measurement
- Bioplatforms Australia (Australian microbiomes); The Australian biodiversity sensor network (ABSNET; Michael Lidell, JCU)
- PhD candidates
- Modellers & Policy makers (ie SOE)



BACKGROUND

- Addressing soil-based limitations to plant performance can achieve an 80% improvement in productivity (Sale et al. 2016) yet...
- Only a quarter of Australian farmers conduct soil testing, with a strong focus on macro-nutrients (N and P) and pH (Lobry de Bruyn & Andrews 2016)
- Biological functions including nutrient (N & C) cycling, disease suppression, structural maintenance <u>underwrite</u> soil performance and are <u>central</u> in soil monitoring for performance improvements. These features may provide a vital metric to guide improvement of low performing soils and to maintain high performing soils yet......
- Biological functions are not routinely measured (considered tier 2 &3 by Soil Health Institute) & are usually defined by their physico-chemical and biological microenvironment
- This proposal addresses 2 priorities; it defines thresholds for a limited subset of existing & emerging soil health indicators and it identifies biological metrics that 'meet the needs of users and are defined in the context in which they are applied' (Dahlhaus et al. 2018); the important context is....
- Cropping regions in western Victoria have been targeted because they have the largest yield potential gap in Australia (1.6 and 3.0 t/ha for wheat; http://yieldgapaustralia.com.au).

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PROJECT ACTIVITIES

• Sites¹ selected in defined target area based on rainfall/soil geomorphology/instrumentation

¹ defined by partners as low and high production sites









Biological² (existing*, emerging, novel), spectral² (MIR/NIR) and sensor² (temperature, moisture) collected at defined scale; * incl. commercial kits
 2 selected to elign with other CRC projects (Crolet, Rewell, Deblbeve)

(PhD student focus)

- ² selected to align with other CRC projects (Grelet, Powell, Dahlhaus)
- Integration of biological, spectral and sensor data for developing algorithms for models & maps (*PhD student focus*)
- Develop thresholds & models (for simulator) using existing (mainly chemical & physical) & new data (biology & real-time physical) data



What is a (micro)biome?



We define our habitat by soil type, annual av rainfall & production

Microbiomes are everywhere

We choose our bioindicators from the biome that live in this 'habitat'

Measure (biology)	Method*	Measure metadata	Field applied sensors & MIR platforms*
Microbial Biomass	Commercial: Biolog & microresp	Chemistry- pH, N, C, P, K, redox potential	Temperature & moisture
Earthworm & nematode species abundance	NGS- genotyping	Structure- particle size, porosity, aggregate stability, bulk density	MIR spectra (hand held) & predicted physico- chemical properties
Microbial Community structure, diversity	NGS- genotyping (16S/ITS rRNA; WGS) qPCR groups	Ecology/pedology- moisture, temperature, ground cover, soil characterisation	NIR spectra (hand-held)
Microbial community function, diversity	NGS- WGS Metametabolomics	Management-cropping regime, plant performance	



data grid (10 x 10 km)

* What is used now? What emerging technology is available? (workshop after July 2019)





Performance through collaboration

Baveye et al 2018 (Frontiers in Microbiology)

SMELLING SOIL: NOVEL ELECTRONIC NOSES FOR MOBILE IN FIELD DETERMINING MICROBIAL HEALTH, DIVERSITY AND RESILIENCE

SHANE POWELL UNIVERSITY OF TASMANIA KATHERINE EVANS, MARCUS HARDIE, JOHN BOWMAN, ROSS CORKREY, CAROLINE MOHAMMED

SOUTHERN FARMING SYSTEMS FARMLINK RESEARCH LIMITED BIRCHIP CROPPING GROUP INC SOILS FOR LIFE

SOLS

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3 April 2019

BACKGROUND

"Proof of life" for an eNose which can measure, monitor and evaluate soil microbial health The use of an electronic nose (E-nose) is potentially one of the most feasible technologies to provide a quantitative, in-field and low cost system to distinguish soil health using gases produced by soil bacteria (aroma).



BACKGROUND



(Source: National Research Council Canada, 2014)

PROTOTYPE DEVELOPMENT

- Existing sensors we plan to use include; carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur dioxide, hydrocarbons, ammonia, organic solvents, nitrogen dioxide, ethylene, and nitric oxide. These sensors range in cost from \$40-\$400 and are all currently available
- We aim to exploit the cross sensitivity of these sensors to create a signature of soil aromas. The tool will also include basic environmental monitoring capability (soil moisture, pH and temperature; air temperature and humidity)



ENGAGEMENT AND COLLABORATION

Approach



- Industry and next-user guided
- Systems & outcome focus, rather than a product approach
- Problem focused or Pull technology
- De-risk technology deployment

Systems PULL Approach





Performance through collaboration

ACTIVITIES SUMMARY

- Find out what end and next users require from an eNose
- Develop prototype eNose that uses a low-cost sensor array and can detect aromas emitted from soils
- Correlate eNose response with specific gas emissions and microbial activity
- Field test using the prototype eNose



NOVEL SENSOR TECHNOLOGY TO MEASURE AND MAP SOIL NUTRIENTS

CRAIG LOBSEY USQ

SOLS

Performance through collaboration

3 April 2019

PROJECT TEAM

- Craig Lobsey (University of Southern Queensland)
- Pierre Roudier (Manaaki Whenua Landcare Research)
- John Bennett (University of Southern Queensland)
- Carolyn Hedley (Manaaki Whenua Landcare Research)
- Ravinesh Deo (University of Southern Queensland)
- Yingcan Zhu (University of Southern Queensland)
- Jaye Hill (PhD Student, University of Southern Queensland)
- Lawrence Di Bella (Herbert Cane Productivity Services)
- Rob Milla (Burdekin Productivity Services)
- Michael Sefton (Burdekin Productivity Services)
- David West (University of Southern Queensland)



BACKGROUND

- It is difficult to monitor soil nutrients (e.g. nitrogen) due to their high spatio-temporal variability (in three dimensions).
- It is difficult to manage these nutrients due to their mobility (or lack thereof) through the soil profile.
- Nutrient management requires understanding not just current nutrient status but also soil nutrient supply and dynamics under different rainfall and irrigation scenarios.
- Soil sensor technology can provide this understanding and enable greater confidence in nutrient management and optimisation.
- In this project we aim to develop the enabling sensor technology that will provide;
 - i. Low cost, rapid and in-field assessment of soil chemical and nutrient status.
 - ii. More efficient measurement and mapping of soil water and hydraulic properties that determine nutrient mobility through the soil profile.



PROJECT ACTIVITIES

- Develop and evaluate integrated electrochemical sensing technology that will enable low cost and rapid assessment of soil chemical properties (e.g. nitrate, potassium, phosphate, sodium and pH).
- Develop the algorithms and techniques combining spatio-temporal electromagnetic induction (EMI) surveys, inversion modelling and open access remote sensing to improve estimates and mapping of soil water and hydraulic properties.
- Develop automated sensor based measurement of soil water retention curves enabling more efficient, accurate and high throughput sample characterisation in the laboratory.



ENGAGEMENT AND COLLABORATION

- Sensor development and evaluation will occur in the Herbert and Burdekin cane regions (QLD) and NZ.
- This is supported by project collaborators Herbert Cane Productivity Services Limited (HCPSL) and Burdekin Productivity Services (BPS).
- We will be developing datasets (EMI) and laboratory instrumentation for soil hydraulic characterisation.
- We will be developing sensors, algorithms and data that can support model development, parameterisation and application.



AFFORDABLE APPROACHES TO RAPID FIELD TEST OF SOIL CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

LIANG WANG THE UNIVERSITY OF NEWCASTLE



Performance through collaboration

3 April 2019

PROJECT TEAM

- Prof. Michael Breadmore, University of Tasmania
- Prof. Ravi Naidu, The University of Newcastle
- Mr. Lawrence Di Bella, Herbert Cane Productivity Services Ltd
- Mr. Rob Milla, Burdekin Productivity Services Ltd
- Dr. Fernando Maya Alejandro, University of Tasmania
- Dr. Ying Cheng, The University of Newcastle
- Dr. Feng Li, University of Tasmania



BACKGROUND

Traditional soil sampling and chemical analysis:

- Costly;
- Time consuming;
- Sophisticated.

Precision agriculture

The widespread interest in the development of :

- Rapid soil sensing systems;
- Simple and affordable solutions to farmers.







PROJECT ACTIVITIES

- This project aims to develop solutions for farmers to determine soil chemical properties.
 - 1. Simple;
 - 2. Affordable;
 - 3. Rapid;
 - 4. Field-based.



- To develop colorimetric method and device;
- To develop the chemometric method and mobile applications.



ENGAGEMENT AND COLLABORATION

- End users feedback:
- We will provide our free trial toolkits to all the farmer groups participated in CRC Soil;
- Commercialization:
- We will promote our prototypes in CRC Soil community to target business partners for commercialization.

